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#### DESCRIPTION

FACILITY SEARCHING DEVICE, PROGRAM, NAVIGATION DEVICE, AND FACILITY SEARCHING METHOD

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#### Technical Field

present invention relates The to a facility searching device for searching various kinds facilities, programs for configuring the facility searching device, a navigation device including the facility searching device, and a facility searching method.

## Background Art

15 To date, a navigation device has been known that provided with a database for various kinds facilities belonging to various kinds of genres and has a neighborhood search function in which, with regard to a designated genre, facilities in the vicinity of the 20 current position are listed up and displayed (e. g., refer to Japanese Patent Application Laid-Open No. 2001-264083). In the navigation device, when a menu key is depressed, a main menu and a submenu are displayed; when "search" is selected from the main menu, "neighboring facilities" is selected from the submenu, and a desired 25 genre is selected, a facility search with respect to the current position is implemented. In implementing the facility search, facilities, belonging to the genre, that exist within a predetermined area with respect to 30 the current position are listed up in order

increasing distance from the current position and displayed along with the respective distances between the current position and the facilities and the respective orientations of the facilities with respect to the current position.

However, with the conventional technique described making selection from operation of plurality of menus is required to be implemented two or more times before the search is carried out. In addition, facilities existing within the predetermined 10 area with respect to the current position are displayed respective distances between with the facilities and the current position and the respective orientations of the facilities with respect to the current position; therefore, it is necessary to infer 15 the positions of the facilities, based on the respective current facilities and the distances between the ofthe respective orientations position and facilities with the current position. respect to Additionally, because the neighborhood search is carried 20 out within the predetermined area with respect to the current position, the positional range in which the search is carried out cannot arbitrarily be set accordance with the geography, such as roads, rivers, 25 and topography, of the vicinity.

In consideration of the foregoing problems, the object of the present invention is to provide a facility-search technique that enables easier operation and a high degree of freedom.

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## Disclosure of the Invention

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order to achieve the foregoing object. facility searching device according to the first aspect of the present invention is characterized by including a database related to map information, a database, related to various kinds of facilities, that includes positional information for the facilities, a display means for displaying a map for a predetermined area, based on the information, a pointing device for inputting a position in a displayed map, a voice input means for implementing voice input of an instruction related to a search for facilities, and a search means response to the input ofthe position and the instruction, implementing a search related to facilities, based on the inputted position and the instruction.

In this situation, for example, a facility searching device incorporated in a navigation device corresponds to the facility searching device according to the present invention. For example, a map, with a predetermined scale, that is represented with respect to a current position of the facility searching device or a designated position corresponds to the map predetermined area. For example, a means that has function of applying noise suppression processing to a sound signal obtained by converting a user's utterance into an electric signal and then implementing voice recognition with reference to predetermined acoustic models corresponds to the voice input means. example, a touch panel or a touch pad corresponds to the pointing device. For example, a genre for facilities as

search subjects corresponds to the instruction related to a search for facilities. For example, a search for facilities that are located along a road specified by inputted positions or within specified an area inputted positions and fall under a designated genre corresponds to the search related to facilities. prioritization between position input and the instruction input may be defined, or both the position input and the instruction input may be implemented concurrently.

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With the foregoing configuration, when the user the instruction related to а search for facilities and points or traces arbitrary positions in a map displayed on the display means, the instruction and the position are inputted to the facility searching In response to the input of the position and device. the instruction, the search means implements a search for facilities in the database, based on the inputted position and the instruction, and extracts the corresponding facilities. Accordingly, merely implementing approximately the at same time the utterance for the instruction related to facility search input operation for a position, the user implement a search for facilities that exist within a desired positional area and correspond tò the instruction.

The facility searching device according to the second aspect of the present invention is characterized in that, in the first aspect of the present invention, a current position acquisition means for acquiring a

current position of the facility searching device and a determination means for determining whether or not the instruction input has been implemented without being accompanied by the position input are included, and in the case where the determination means positively determines, the search means implements based on the instruction a search related to the facilities, with respect to а current position. The positive determination can be implemented, e. g., in the case where, with no position inputted, a predetermined time period has elapsed from the time point of inputting of the instruction.

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The facility searching device according to the third aspect of the present invention is characterized 15 in that, in the first or the second aspect of the present invention, a determination means is included that determines whether or not, as the position input, only one position has been inputted along with the instruction input, and in the case where the determination means positively determines, the search means implements with respect to the one position a search related to the facilities, based instruction. The determination that only one position has been inputted can be implemented, e. g., in the case where a predetermined time period has elapsed from the time point of the first inputting of the instruction, without any other positions inputted.

The facility searching device according to the fourth aspect of the present invention is characterized in that, in any one of the first to third aspects of the present invention, a determination means is included that determines whether or not, as the position input, a plurality of positions that indicates a specific road in the map has been inputted along with the instruction input, and in the case where the determination means positively determines, the search means implements based on the instruction a search for facilities that exist along the specific road or within a predetermined distance from the specific road. For example, input of respective positions on a trajectory obtained by the user's tracing of a touch panel as a pointing device, along a specific road in the map, corresponds to the input of a plurality of positions that indicates a specific road.

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The facility searching device according to the fifth aspect of the present invention is characterized in that, in the fourth aspect of the present invention, the determination means makes a positive determination when the plurality of positions exists within a predetermined distance from the specific road and the position, among the positions, that is inputted last exists on the specific road.

The facility searching device according to the sixth aspect of the present invention is characterized in that, in any one of the first to fifth aspects of the present invention, a determination means is included that determines whether or not, as the position input, a plurality of positions that indicates a specific area in the map has been inputted along with the instruction input, and in the case where the determination means

positively determines, the search means implements based on the instruction a search related to the facilities, with regard to facilities included in the specific area. For example, input of respective positions on a trajectory obtained by tracing of a touch panel as a pointing device, in such a way as to encircle the specific area in the map, corresponds to the input of a plurality of positions that indicates the specific area.

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The facility searching device according to the seventh aspect of the present invention is characterized in that, in any one of the first to sixth aspects of the present invention, a determination means is included that determines whether or not, a plurality of positions that, as the position input, is inputted along with the instruction input indicates neither any road nor any area in the map, and in the case where the determination means positively determines, the search means implements based on the instruction a search related to the facilities, with respect to the middle position between the firstly inputted position and the lastly inputted position among the plurality of positions.

The facility searching device according to the eighth aspect of the present invention is characterized in that, in any one of the fourth to seventh aspects of the present invention, input of the plurality of positions is implemented through operation in which, by means of the pointing device, the pointing position is moved through pointing or through dragging on the map.

The facility searching device according to the 30 ninth aspect of the present invention is characterized

in that, in any one of the first to eighth aspects of the present invention, a determination means is included that determines whether or not, as the position input, input has been implemented, along with the instruction input, in which a specific road in the map is traced or two or more roads that intersect each other or that are connected with each other are traced by means of the pointing device, and in the case where the determination means positively determines, the search means implements based on the instruction a search related to facilities, with regard to facilities that exist along the specific road or the two or more roads, or that exist within a predetermined distance from the specific road or each of the two or more roads. For example, input through operation in which, by means of the pointing device, the pointing position is moved through pointing or through dragging on the map corresponds to the input implemented in a tracing manner.

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The facility searching device according to the
tenth aspect of the present invention is characterized
in that, in the ninth aspect of the present invention, a
facility search for facilities that exist along the
specific road or within the predetermined distance from
the specific road is implemented over a range from the
beginning position to the final position of the input
that is implemented in a tracing manner.

The facility searching device according to the eleventh aspect of the present invention is characterized in that, in any one of the first to tenth aspects of the present invention, an input determination

means is included that determines whether or not, as the position input, input of only two positions, through a first point operation and a second point operation carried out within a predetermined time period after the first point operation, has been implemented along with the instruction input.

The facility searching device according to twelfth aspect of the present invention is characterized in that, in the eleventh aspect of the present invention, determination means is included that determines whether or not the two positions are located on a same road, when the input determination means determines that the input for only the two positions has been implemented along with the instruction input, and in the case where the determination means positively determines, the search means implements based on the instruction a search related to the facilities. with regard facilities that exist along the specific road or within a predetermined distance from the specific road.

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The facility searching device according to the thirteenth aspect of the present invention is characterized in that, in the twelfth aspect of the present invention, a facility search for facilities that exist along the specific road or within the predetermined distance from the specific road is implemented over a range between the two positions.

The facility searching device according to the fourteenth aspect of the present invention is characterized in that, in any one of the eleventh to thirteenth aspects  $\mathsf{of}$ the present invention,

determination means is included that determines whether or not the two positions are located on a same road, when the input determination means determines that the input for only the two positions has been implemented along with the instruction input, and in the case where the determination means negatively determines, the search means implements based on the instruction a search related to the facilities, with respect to the middle position between the two positions.

10 The facility searching device according to the fifteenth aspect of the present invention is characterized in that, in any one of the first to fourteenth aspects of the present invention, determination means is included that determines whether 15 or not, as the position input, input of three or more positions, through three or more point operation events, has been consecutively implemented without being interrupted for more than a predetermined duration, along with the instruction input, and in the case where 20 the determination means positively determines, search means implements based on the instruction search related to the facilities, with regard facilities that exist within a triangular or a polygonal area having as the vertexes the three or more positions.

The facility searching device according to the sixteenth aspect of the present invention is characterized in that, in any one of the first to fifteenth aspects of the present invention, the voice input means accepts input of the instruction related to a search for the facilities, in response to input of a

position on the displayed map.

The facility searching device according to the seventeenth aspect of the present invention is characterized in that, in any one of the second, third, seventh, and fourteenth aspects of the present invention, the search implemented with respect to a position lists and displays facilities within a predetermined distance from the position, in order of increasing distance from the position.

10 The facility searching device according to the eighteenth aspect of the present invention is characterized in that, in any one of the first seventeenth aspects ofthe present invention, the instruction related to a search for the facilities 15 includes at least one of the instruction of a genre name as a search subject, the instruction of a proper name as a search subject, and the instruction of the usage purpose, of a facility, as a search subject.

The facility searching device according to the 20 nineteenth aspect ofthe present invention is characterized in that, in the fourth, fifth, ninth, and twelfth aspects of the present invention, a facility search for facilities that exist along the specific road or within the predetermined distance from the specific 25 road is implemented within the range of the specific road displayed by the display means.

A navigation device according to the twentieth aspect of the present invention is characterized by being provided with any one of the facility searching devices according to the first to nineteenth aspects of

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the present invention and by sharing the database related to map information with the facility searching device.

A program according to the twenty-first aspect of the present invention is characterized by making a computer function as a means for configuring any one of the facility searching devices according to the first to twentieth aspects of the present invention.

facility searching method according to 10 twenty-second aspect the ofpresent invention is characterized by including a display step, by a computer, of displaying a map for a predetermined area, based on a database related to map information, a position input step, by the computer, of receiving input of a position in the displayed map, by means of a pointing device, an 15 instruction input step, by the computer, of receiving voice input for the instruction related to a search for facilities, and a search step, by the computer, of, in response to the position input and the instruction input 20 and based on the database related to map information, a database, related to various kinds of facilities, that includes positional information of the facilities, and the inputted position and the instruction, implementing a search related to the facilities.

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# Brief Description of the Drawings

Figure 1 is a block diagram illustrating a navigation device according to an embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 2 is a flowchart illustrating an example of

the operation, in facility search processing, of the navigation device in Figure 1;

Figure 3 is a view illustrating an appearance of the display unit, in facility search processing, of the navigation device in Figure 1;

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Figure 4 is a view illustrating another appearance of the display unit, in facility search processing, of the navigation device in Figure 1;

Figure 5 is a view illustrating further another 10 appearance of the display unit, in facility search processing, of the navigation device in Figure 1;

Figure 6 is a view illustrating another appearance of the display unit, in facility search processing, of the navigation device in Figure 1;

Figure 7 is a flowchart illustrating another example of the operation, in facility search processing, of the navigation device in Figure 1; and

Figure 8 is a view illustrating further another appearance of the display unit, in facility search processing, of the navigation device in Figure 1.

## Best Mode for Carrying out the Invention

is a block diagram illustrating navigation device according to an embodiment of the present invention. In Figure 1, Reference Numeral 11 denotes a CPU for controlling units of the device; Reference Numeral 12, a storage device for storing information that is required when the CPU 11 controls the units of the device: Reference Numeral 13, position detection unit consisting ofposition acquisition means that acquires a current position; Reference Numeral 14, a voice input unit for issuing an instruction to the CPU 11, through input of voice; and Reference Numeral 15, a input display unit for giving information to the driver of a vehicle in which the navigation device is mounted and receiving the instructions from the driver.

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The storage device 12 consists of a ROM, a RAM, an optical disk device, and the like. The ROM stores control programs, fonts utilized for displaying images, bit-mapped (BMP) files, acoustic-model data for voice recognition, and the like. The RAM stores data and programs for processing implemented by the CPU 11. The optical disk device includes an optical disk that stores map data, a database having information including the information items on various genres positional facilities, and the like. The position detection unit 13 acquires a current position, by utilizing a GPS, mileage, and an angular-velocity sensor.

The input display unit 15 includes a display unit 20 16, consisting of a liquid crystal display and the like, and a touch panel 17 mounted on the screen of the display unit 16. The display unit 16 provides a user  $\mathsf{of}$ predetermined information, with display 25 accordance with control by the CPU 11. The touch panel 11 with the information on 17 provides the CPU The CPU 11 can recognize the depressed position. contents of input by the user, based on the respective positions and the respective contents of the display elements in the display unit 16 and the depressed-30

position information from the touch panel 17.

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The voice input unit 14 is provided with a microphone for converting a voice generated through utterance by the user into a sound signal as an electric signal. By applying predetermined noise suppression processing to the sound signal and then implementing voice recognition, with reference to acoustic models, the CPU 11 can recognize the contents of the user's utterance the instruction.

10 Base on the instruction by the user, the map data, the the current position, and like, the CPU 11 implements route search processing for the destination, display of a map for the vicinity of the current position, display of the current position and 15 traveling direction, the instructions for the turning directions at intersections on the route, and the like. In response to the user's input of a position in the map the user's input of an instruction related facility search, the CPU 11 also implements, 20 accordance with a program, facility search processing in which, based on the inputted position and the instruction, the facility included in the database is searched and displayed.

Figure 2 is a flowchart illustrating an example of
the operation, in facility search processing, of the
navigation device. In this figure, however, Figure 2
illustrates the operation in the case where the user
firstly utters a genre name and then implements touch
operation. In addition, it is assumed that, at the
beginning of the processing, a map for the area

surrounding a current position is displayed on the display unit 16. Additionally, it is assumed that a "touch position" signifies a position, in the displayed map, that corresponds to a position, on the touch panel 17, that is touched.

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When the user utters a specific genre name, the CPU firstly implements, in Step 21, the voice recognition for the sound signal based on the utterance; in the case where the recognized word falls under the 10 genre name that specifies a genre to which any one of the facilities within the database belongs, the CPU 11 determines that an input designating that genre name has been made.

In response to the determination, the CPU determines, in Step 22, whether or not the touch panel 15 17 has been touched within a predetermined time from the determination. When it is determined that the touch panel 17 has been touched, the CPU 11 proceeds to Step 24; in contrast, when it is determined that the touch 20 panel 17 has not been touched, the CPU 11 proceeds to Step 23.

In Step 23, facility search is implemented with respect to the current position. In other words, the CPU 11 extracts information items, among the information 25 items about various genres of facilities stored in the storage 12, device that relate to the facilities included in the genre name designated in Step 21 and that, as illustrated in Figure 3, exist in an area 32 predetermined distance within a from the current position 31. Next, with regard to the extracted facilities, the facility names, the distances between the facilities and the current position, and the like are displayed on the display unit 16. On that occasion, the display may be implemented in such a way that the facilities are arranged in order of the increasing distance between the facilities and the current position. When the display has been completed, the CPU 11 ends the facility search processing.

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In Step 24, after the touch panel 17 is touched, 10 the CPU 11 determines whether or not the touch position has moved by a predetermined distance or farther. The predetermined distance is determined in distinguishing a mere touch from an intentional transfer of the touch position. When it is determined that the 15 touch position has not moved by a predetermined distance or farther, the CPU 11 proceeds to Step 25; in contrast, when it is determined that the touch position has moved by a predetermined distance or farther, the CPU 11 proceeds to Step 26.

In Step 25, the facility search is implemented with respect to the touch position. That is to say, the CPU 11, as is the case with Step 23, extracts and displays facilities, except that the touch position is employed as the reference. When the facility search has been completed, the CPU 11 ends the facility search processing.

In Step 26, whether or not the transfer of the touch position is along any of the roads in the displayed map is determined. In the case where, as illustrated in Figure 4, the respective touch positions

on a touch-position transfer trajectory 41 are within a predetermined distance d from a specific road 42, it can be determined that the transfer of the touch position is along the road 42. When it is determined that the transfer of the touch position is along any one of the roads, the CPU 11 proceeds to Step 27; in contrast, when it is determined that the transfer of the touch position is along none of the roads, the CPU 11 proceeds to Step 28.

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In Step 27, it is further determined whether or not the position at which the touch-position transfer is completed, i. e., the final touch position 43 where the user's finger is released from the touch panel 17 is located on the road 42 along which the touch-position transfer is implemented. When it is determined that the final touch position is located on the road 42, the CPU 11 proceeds to Step 29; in contrast, when it is determined that the final touch position is not located on the road 42, the CPU 11 proceeds to Step 28.

20 In Step 29, the CPU 11 considers that the road 42 on which the final touch position is located has been designated by the touch, and implements the facility search for facilities along the road 42. In other words, CPU 11 extracts information items. among the 25 information items about various genres of facilities stored in the storage device 12, that relate to the facilities that are included in the genre name designated in Step 21 and that exist along designated road 42. Next, with regard to the extracted 30 facilities, display similar to that in Step

implemented. When the display has been completed, the CPU 11 ends the facility search processing.

In Step 28, based on predetermined logic, it is determined whether or not, as illustrated in Figure 5, a trajectory 51 of the touch-position transfer starts at a first touch position 52 and encircles any specific area 53 in the displayed map. When it is determined that the trajectory 51 of the touch-position transfer encircles any specific area 53, the CPU 11 proceeds to Step 30; in contrast, when it is determined that the trajectory 51 of the touch-position transfer does not encircle any specific area, the CPU 11 proceeds to Step 31.

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In Step 30, the facility search for facilities existing within the encircled area 53 is implemented. 15 In other words, the CPU 11 extracts information items, among the information items about various genres of facilities stored in the storage device 12, that relate to the facilities that are included in the genre name designated in Step 21 and that exist within 20 encircled area 53. Next, with regard to the extracted facilities, display similar to that in Step 23 implemented. When the display has been completed, the CPU 11 ends the facility search processing.

In Step 31, as illustrated in Figure 6, the 25 facility search is implemented with respect to a middle point 63 between a touch position 61 at which a touch is started and a final touch position 62. That is to say, the CPU 11, as is the case with Step 23, extracts facilities and displays the extraction result, except 30 that the middle point is employed as the reference

position. When the facility search has been completed, the CPU 11 ends the facility search processing.

In addition, in the present embodiment, a case has been explained in which, a user firstly utters a genre name and then implements touch operation; however, also in the case where, in stead of the foregoing case, the user firstly implements the touch operation and then utters the genre name, or the user utters the genre name while implementing the touch operation, the facility search is implemented in the same way.

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a flowchart illustrating another Figure is 7 example of the operation, in facility search processing, In this figure, however, of the navigation device. Figure 7 illustrates the operation in the case where the user firstly utters a genre name and then implements touch operation. In addition, it is assumed that, at the beginning of the processing, a map for the area surrounding a current position is displayed on the display unit 16. Additionally, it is assumed that a "touch position" signifies a position, in the displayed map, that corresponds to a position, on the touch panel 17, that is touched.

Processing in Steps 71 to 73 in Figure 7 is the same as that in Steps 21 to 23 in Figure 2. In Step 72, when it is determined that the touch panel 17 has been touched, the CPU 11 determines, in Step 74, whether or not the touch has been released within a predetermined time. When it is determined that the touch has been released within the predetermined time, the CPU 11 proceeds to Step 76; in contrast, when it is determined

that the touch has not been released within the predetermined time, the CPU 11 proceeds to Step 75. In Step 75, after the same processing as that in Steps 24 to 29 in Figure 2 is completed, the CPU 11 ends the facility search processing.

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In Step 76, the CPU 11 determines whether or not the second touch has been made within a predetermined time from the time point of the first touch. When it is determined that the second touch has not been made within the predetermined time from the time point of the first touch, the CPU 11 proceeds to Step 77; in contrast, when it is determined that the second touch has been made within the predetermined time from the time point of the first touch, the CPU 11 proceeds to Step 78. In Step 77, after, as is the case with Step 25 in Figure 2, implementing the facility search with reference to the touch position and displaying the search result, the CPU 11 ends the facility search processing.

In Step 78, the CPU 11 determines whether or not the third touch has been made within a predetermined time from the time point of the second touch. When it is determined that the third touch has not been made within the predetermined time from the time point of the second touch, the CPU 11 proceeds to Step 79; in contrast, when it is determined that the third touch has been made within the predetermined time from the time point of the second touch, the CPU 11 proceeds to Step 80.

In Step 80, the CPU 11 extracts facilities, among 30 facilities existing within a triangular area having as

the vertexes three touch positions inputted through the three touches, that fall under the genre name designated in Step 71. Next, with regard to the extracted facilities, the facility names, the distances between the facilities and the current position, and the like are displayed on the display unit 16. On that occasion, the display may be implemented in such a way that the facilities are arranged in order of the increasing distance between the facilities and the current position. When the display has been completed, the CPU 11 ends the facility search processing.

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In Step 79, the CPU 11 determines whether or not the two touch positions inputted through the two touches are on the same road. When it is determined that the two touch positions are on the same road, the CPU 11, as the case with Step 29 in Figure 2. implements facility search for facilities that exist along the road and displays the search result. When it is determined that the two touch positions are not on the same road, the CPU 11, as is the case with Step 31 in Figure 2, implements the facility search with respect to middle position between the two touch positions displays the search result. When the facility search has been completed, the CPU 11 ends the facility search processing.

In addition, the present invention is not limited to the foregoing embodiment and appropriate variants thereof can be implemented. For example, in the foregoing embodiment, no prioritization between the genre-name input and the touch operation is defined;

however, prioritization may be defined in such a way that, in response to the touch operation, the state of the navigation device is changed to a state in which the genre-name the instruction through voice input is awaited. In this case, in a navigation device that comes into a voice-input standby mode, by depressing a PTT (Push to Talk) switch before it implements voice recognition, PTT-switch depression operation can omitted, by making the touch operation include function similar to the depression of the PTT switch.

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Moreover, in this case, the navigation device may be designed in such a way that, in response to the touch operation, a voice talking, e. g., "May I help you?" is outputted, and the user's utterance "convenience stores" that responds to the voice output is voice-recognized and received as the instruction for facility search.

moreover, Still in Step 21 in the foregoing embodiment, a genre name is adapted to be accepted as the for facility instruction search; however, navigation device may be designed in such a way that, in the case where, as a result of a search based on a genre name, a great number of facilities are extracted, further input of a chain store name or the like is urged, and search subjects are further narrowed down, based on the inputted chain store name or the like. Furthermore, the navigation device may be designed in such a way that chain store name can directly be inputted facilities that fall under the inputted chain store name Alternatively, the navigation device may are searched. be designed in such a way that, instead of a genre name,

the instruction of the usage purpose of a facility is received and the facility search is implemented based on the instruction. For example, the navigation device may be designed in such a way that, in the case where an input "dining" as a usage purpose is implemented, the facility search is carried out, based on a plurality of genres related to dining, e. g., "restaurant", "fast-food restaurant", and the like.

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Moreover, in the foregoing embodiment, the CPU 11 10 determines whether or not an input has been implemented in which, as illustrated in Figure 4, a specific road in the map is traced, and in the case where positive determination is made, the facility search is implemented with regard to facilities that exist along 15 the specific road or within a predetermined distance from the specific road; still moreover, the navigation device may be designed in such a way that the CPU 11 determines whether or not an input of a trajectory 83 has been implemented in which, as illustrated in Figure 20 8, roads 81 and 82 that intersect each other or that are connected with each other are traced, and in the case where positive determination is made, the facility search is implemented with regard to facilities that along the roads 81 and 82 orwithin 25 · predetermined distance from the respective roads 81 and 82.

Furthermore, in the foregoing embodiment, with regard to the facility search for facilities that exist along a specific road or within a predetermined distance from the specific road, no specific range along the road has not been referred to; however, the range from the beginning position to the final position of the input in which the road is traced may be defined as the search range along the road. Moreover, in the case where, as in Steps 79 and 80 in Figure 7, two touches specify a road, the range between the touch positions may be defined as the search range. Still moreover, the range of the road, displayed on the display unit 16, may be defined as the search range.

10 Furthermore, in Step 80 in Figure 7, the facility search is implemented with regard to facilities existing within a triangular area having as the vertexes three touch positions created through the three touches; however, instead of that method, the facility search may 15 be implemented in such a way that, based on touch positions created through four ormore touches consecutively made without being interrupted for more predetermined duration, facilities existing within a polygonal area having the touch positions as 20 the vertexes are searched.

## Industrial Applicability

According to the present invention, merely by implementing the utterance for the instruction related to facility search and input operation for a position, facilities can be searched that exist within a desired positional area and correspond to the instruction. In other words, facility search can be implemented that is operated more easily and has a high degree of freedom.

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